

# New York

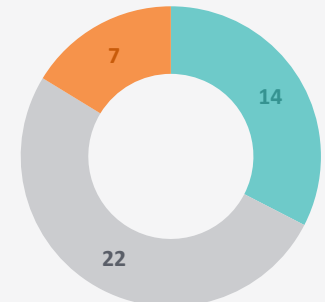


The  
Commonwealth  
Fund

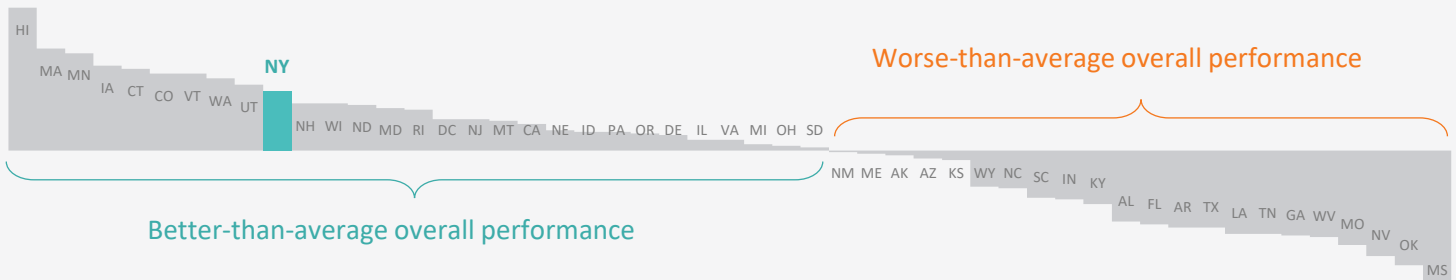
## Ranking Highlights<sup>a</sup>

	National Rank		Rank Among Mid-Atlantic States	
	2020	Change from baseline	2020	Change from baseline
Overall	10 of 51	+10	1 of 6	+2
Access & Affordability	9	+9	3	+3
Prevention & Treatment	37	-5	6	0
Avoidable Use & Cost	28	+15	2	+2
Healthy Lives	8	-1	1	0
Income Disparity	2	+8	1	+1

## How Health Care in NY Has Changed<sup>b</sup>



● Improved ● Worsened ● Little or No Change



### Top-Ranked Indicators

Uninsured children  
Suicide deaths  
High out-of-pocket medical spending

### Bottom-Ranked Indicators

Children without a medical home  
Adults without all recommended vaccines  
Hospitals with lower-than-average patient experience ratings

### Most Improved Indicators

Hospital 30-day readmission rate ages 18–64  
Diabetic adults without an annual hemoglobin A1c test  
Potentially avoidable emergency department visits ages 18–64

### Indicators That Worsened the Most

Preventable hospitalizations ages 18–64  
Children without a medical home  
Adults without all recommended vaccines

## Estimated Impact of State Improvement<sup>c</sup>

Top state in the U.S.	Top state in the Mid-Atlantic region	New York could expect the following gains if performance in the state improved to the top level at these national and regional benchmarks:
518,544	475,492	more adults and children would be insured
610,198	457,648	fewer adults would skip needed care because of its cost
448,449	269,070	more adults would receive age- and gender-appropriate cancer screenings
49,934	36,618	more children (ages 19–35 months) would receive all recommended vaccines
4,005	797	fewer premature deaths (before age 75) would occur from causes that are potentially treatable or preventable with timely and appropriate care
159,124	13,362	fewer employer-insured adults and elderly Medicare beneficiaries would seek care in emergency departments for nonemergent or primary-care-treatable conditions

**Table 1. State Health System Performance Indicator Data by Dimension**

Dimension and indicator	Data year	State rate	U.S. average	Best state rate	State rank	Data year	State rate	U.S. average	Change over time <sup>b</sup>
<b>Access &amp; Affordability</b>						<b>Baseline</b>			
Adults ages 19–64 uninsured	2018	8	12	4	8	2014	12	16	Improved
Children ages 0–18 uninsured	2018	2	5	1	2	2014	4	6	Improved
Adults age 18 and older without a usual source of care	2018	20	23	13	18	2014	19	23	No Change
Adults age 18 and older who went without care because of cost in past year	2018	11	13	7	13	2014	14	14	Improved
Individuals under age 65 with high out-of-pocket medical costs relative to their annual household income	2017–18	5.8	8.3	4.8	2	—	—	—	—
Employee insurance costs as a share of median income	2018	6.4	6.8	4.1	24	2014	6.0	6.6	No Change
Adults age 18 and older without a dental visit in past year	2018	30	34	24	14	2014	33	36	Improved
<b>Prevention &amp; Treatment</b>						<b>Baseline</b>			
Adults without all age- and gender-appropriate cancer screenings	2018	29	32	24	12	2014	30	32	No Change
Adults without age-appropriate flu and pneumonia vaccines	2018	74	69	57	49	2014	63	63	Worsened
Diabetic adults without an annual hemoglobin A1c test	2017	12.8	10.7	6.5	35	2015	21.2	16.9	Improved
Elderly patients who received a high-risk prescription drug	2016	6.4	9.6	4.6	3	—	—	—	—
Children without a medical home	2018	56	52	41	47	2016	48	51	Worsened
Children without age-appropriate medical and dental preventive care visits in the past year	2018	45	42	29	40	—	—	—	—
Children who did not receive needed mental health care	2018	18	18	5	28	2016	17	18	No Change
Children ages 19–35 months who did not receive all recommended vaccines	2018	31	27	16	40	2014	29	28	No Change
Hospital 30-day mortality	07/2015 – 06/2018	13.4	13.7	12.5	13	07/2011 – 06/2014	12.7	12.8	Worsened
Central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), Standardized Infection Ratio	2018	0.806	0.739	0.087	43	2015	1.072	0.994	Improved
Hospitals with lower-than-average patient experience ratings	2018	81	46	15	49	—	—	—	—
Home health patients without improved mobility	2018	23	22	17	24	2014	37	37	Improved
Nursing home residents with an antipsychotic medication	2017	12	15	7	5	2013	19	21	Improved

**Table 1. State Health System Performance Indicator Data by Dimension (continued)**

Dimension and indicator	Data year	State rate	U.S. average	Best state rate	State rank	Data year	State rate	U.S. average	Change over time <sup>b</sup>
<b>Prevention &amp; Treatment (continued)</b>						<b>2020 Scorecard</b>			
						<b>Baseline</b>			
Adults with any mental illness reporting unmet need	2016–17	20	22	14	7	2012–14	19	20	No Change
Adults with any mental illness who did not receive treatment	2016–17	60	57	41	38	2012–14	60	57	No Change
<b>Avoidable Hospital Use &amp; Cost</b>						<b>2020 Scorecard</b>			
						<b>Baseline</b>			
Potentially avoidable emergency department visits									
Ages 18–64, per 1,000 employer-insured enrollees	2017	93	149.5	84.2	4	2015	155	159	Improved
Age 65 and older, per 1,000 Medicare beneficiaries	2016	172	189.4	140.9	12	2013	165	181.4	No Change
Admissions for ambulatory care–sensitive conditions									
Ages 18–64, per 1,000 employer-insured enrollees	2017	6.3	6.8	6	4	2015	4.7	4.6	Worsened
Ages 65–74, per 1,000 Medicare beneficiaries	2018	43.2	41.6	20.4	31	2014	44.1	44.7	No Change
30-day hospital readmissions									
Ages 18–64, per 1,000 employer-insured enrollees	2017	2.9	3.2	2.3	7	2015	5.5	2.9	Improved
Age 65 and older, per 1,000 Medicare beneficiaries	2018	46.7	40	18.5	45	2014	47.4	42	No Change
Skilled nursing facility patients with a hospital readmission	2016	20	19	11	32	2012	23	20	Improved
Long-stay nursing home residents hospitalized within a six-month period	2016	13	15	5	14	2012	17	17	Improved
Home health patients also enrolled in Medicare with a hospital admission	2018	16	16	14	19	2014	16	16	No Change
Adults with inappropriate lower-back imaging	2017	69	70.1	57.5	27	2015	70	71.1	No Change
Employer-sponsored insurance spending per enrollee	2017	\$5,631	\$5,137	\$3,606	42	2013	\$5,279	\$4,697	No Change
Medicare spending per beneficiary	2018	\$10,356	\$9,847	\$6,473	43	2014	\$9,171	\$9,025	Worsened
Primary care spending as a share of total health care spending									
Ages 18–64 (employer-insured enrollees)	2018	5.5	6.0	11.3	35	—	—	—	—
Age 65 and older (Medicare beneficiaries)	2017	5.3	5.7	7.2	39	—	—	—	—
<b>Healthy Lives</b>						<b>2020 Scorecard</b>			
						<b>Baseline</b>			
Mortality amenable to health care, deaths per 100,000 population	2016–17	76.6	84.5	54.5	23	2012–13	79	83.7	No Change
Breast cancer deaths per 100,000 female population	2018	19.3	19.7	15.1	20	2014	19.2	20.6	No Change
Colorectal cancer deaths per 100,000 population	2018	11.2	12.6	9.1	7	2014	13.5	14.3	Improved

**Table 1. State Health System Performance Indicator Data by Dimension (continued)**

Dimension and indicator	Data year	State rate	U.S. average	Best state rate	State rank	Data year	State rate	U.S. average	Change over time <sup>b</sup>
Healthy Lives (continued)	2020 Scorecard					Baseline			
Suicide deaths per 100,000 population	2018	8.3	14.2	7.5	2	2014	8.1	13	No Change
Alcohol-related deaths per 100,000 population	2018	7.3	9.9	5.7	9	2014	6.2	8.5	No Change
Drug poisoning deaths per 100,000 population	2018	18.4	20.7	6.9	22	2014	11.3	14.7	Worsened
Infant mortality, deaths per 1,000 live births	2017	4.6	5.8	3.7	9	2013	4.9	6	No Change
Adults who report fair or poor health	2018	15	17	11	18	2014	15	16	No Change
Adults who smoke	2018	13	16	9	5	2014	14	17	No Change
Adults who are obese	2018	28	32	23	7	2014	27	29	No Change
Children who are overweight or obese	2018	29	31	19	22	2016	32	31	Improved
Adults who have lost six or more teeth	2018	9	9	5	22	2014	9	10	No Change
State-based public health spending per resident	2018	\$85	\$37	\$137	6	2014/15	\$96	\$36	Worsened

**Table 2. State Income Disparity Data**

Disparity Indicator	Data year	Low-income rate <sup>d</sup>	Disparity <sup>e</sup>	State rank	Data year	Low-income rate <sup>d</sup>	Disparity <sup>e</sup>	Change over time <sup>f</sup>
Disparity Indicator	2020 Scorecard				Baseline			
Adults ages 19–64 uninsured	2018	13	-9	7	2014	22	-17	Improved
Adults age 18 and older who went without care because of cost in past year	2018	17	-11	6	2014	23	-18	Improved
Individuals under age 65 with high out-of-pocket medical costs relative to their annual household income	2017–18	14.4	-13.2	2	—	—	—	—
Adults age 18 and older without a dental visit in past year	2018	42	-22	3	2014	45	-25	Improved
Adults without all age- and gender-appropriate cancer screenings	2018	35	-13	34	2014	32	-6	Worsened
Children without a medical home	2018	66	-22	20	2016	59	-24	No Change
Children without age-appropriate medical and dental preventive care visits in the past year	2018	53	-22	26	—	—	—	—
Children ages 19–35 months who did not receive all recommended vaccines	2018	30	0	6	2014	31	-12	Improved
Adults who report fair or poor health	2018	26	-20	19	2014	24	-18	Worsened
Adults who are obese	2018	32	-7	23	2014	32	-9	No Change
Adults who have lost six or more teeth	2018	13	-8	5	2014	15	-9	Improved

**Table 3. State Race and Ethnicity Disparity Data**

	Data year	U.S. average	State White rate	State Black rate	Black-White disparity	State Hispanic rate	Hispanic-White disparity	State Other rate	Other-White disparity
<b>Disparity Indicator</b>									
Adults ages 19–64 uninsured	2018	12	5	8	-3	15	-10	8	-3
Adults age 18 and older who went without care because of cost in past year	2018	13	8	11	-3	18	-10	15	-7
Adults age 18 and older without a usual source of care	2018	23	15	19	-4	32	-17	22	-7
Adults age 18 and older without a dental visit in past year	2018	34	26	37	-11	35	-9	37	-11
Adults without all age- and gender-appropriate cancer screenings	2018	32	28	27	1	30	-2	38	-10
Adults without age-appropriate flu and pneumonia vaccines	2018	69	73	81	-8	76	-3	70	3
Adults who smoke	2018	16	13	14	-1	12	1	9	4
Adults who are obese	2018	32	28	34	-6	31	-3	16	12
Mortality amenable to health care, deaths per 100,000 population	2016–17	84.5	69.7	136	-66.3	68	1.7	42.8	26.9
Infant mortality, deaths per 1,000 live births	2017	5.8	3.4	8.7	-5.3	4.7	-1.3	—	—

**Notes**

- (a) The 2020 Scorecard rankings generally reflect 2018 data. The 2020 Scorecard added or revised several performance measures since the June 2019 Scorecard report; rankings are not comparable between reports. Rank change from the baseline period represents states' rank difference from the baseline data year (generally 2013 or 2014). Positive values represent an improvement in rank; negative values are a worsening in rank.
- (b) Trend data available for 43 of 49 total Scorecard indicators. Improved/worsened denotes a change of at least one-half (0.5) standard deviation larger than the indicator's distribution among all states over the two time points. No change denotes no change in rate or a change of less than one-half standard deviation.
- (c) Estimated impact if this state's performance improved to the rate of two benchmark levels — a national benchmark set at the level of the best-performing state and a regional benchmark set at the level of the top-performing state in region (defined using Bureau of Economic Analysis ([www.bea.gov](http://www.bea.gov)) regions: Great Lakes, Mid-Atlantic, New England, Plains, Rocky Mountains, Southeast, Southwest, West). Benchmark states have an estimated impact of zero (0). Equivalent estimated impact based on national and regional benchmarks indicate that the best observed rate in the region was equal to the best observed rate nationally.
- (d) Rates are for states' low-income population, generally those whose household income is under 200% of the federal poverty level (FPL).
- (e) Income disparity is the difference between the states' low-income and higher-income (400%+ FPL) populations.
- (f) Improvement indicates that the low-income rate improved and the disparity between low- and higher-income populations narrowed; worsening indicates the low-income rate worsened and the disparity between low- and higher-income populations widened.